

WARD COMMITTEE POLICY

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WARD COMMITTEE POLICY

1. **DEFINITIONS**

In this by-law, unless the context otherwise indicates, the words/phrases below have been assigned the following meaning:

CBO:	a community-based organization
Chairperson:	A Ward Councillor of the Municipality appointed to chair the Ward Committee meetings in terms of Section 73 (2) (a) of the Municipal Structures Act
Community:	residents of a ward, i.e. the ward community
Council:	the municipality's body of elected Ward Councillors and proportionally representative Councillors (comprising of the local government) as established in terms of the Municipal Structures Act
Electoral Committee:	a committee established by the Speaker and MEO to conduct the election of members of the Ward Committee
Election Officer:	a person appointed by the Electoral Committee to assist with the election of Ward Committee members
IDP:	the integrated development plan of the Municipality as adopted by the Council in terms of the Municipal Systems Act
IEC:	Independent Electoral Commission
Interest group/sector:	an organized formation that takes an active interest in the affairs of a ward
Member:	a person elected or co-opted into a Ward Committee
MEO:	Municipal Election Office
Municipality:	the Kouga Local Municipality, established in terms of Section 12 of the Municipal Structures Act

Municipal Manager: the head of the administration and accounting officer of the Municipality and appointed by the Council in terms of Section 82 of the Municipal Structures Act

Municipal Structures Act: The Local Government: Municipal Structures Act, No. 117 of 1998, as amended

Municipal Systems Act: The Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, No 32 of 2000

NGO: a non-governmental organization

PR Councillor: a proportionally representative Municipal Councillor appointed in terms of Section 22 (1)(a) of the Municipal Structures Act, by a political party to represent that party in the Council

Speaker: The Chairperson of the Council and a Municipal Councillor elected to this position by the Council in terms of Section 36 of the Municipal Structures Act

Unorganized Sector: any sector that is not structurally organized at the level of a ward

Ward Committee (WC): a committee of a municipal ward, established in terms of Part 4 of the Municipal Structures Act

Ward Assistant: a person appointed by the Municipality to assist the Ward Councillor, in ensuring the smooth running of the Ward Committee and the community's affairs

Ward Councillor: A Municipal Councillor elected in terms of Section 22 (1)(b) of the Municipal Structures Act, to represent a demarcated council ward

2. **ESTABLISHMENT OF WARD COMMITTEE SYSTEM**

- 2.1 Ward Committees for all 15 (fifteen) wards of the municipality are hereby established in terms of the Municipal Structures Act.
- 2.2 The Ward Committees so established must come into effect once committee members have been elected, as set out below.

3. **COMPOSITION OF WARD COMMITTEES**

- 3.1 Each Ward Committee must comprise of the Ward Councillor, as Chairperson, and 10 (ten) elected community members.
- 3.2 The Ward Committee members must be residents of the ward to whose Ward Committee they have been elected.
- 3.3 Notwithstanding the provisions of clause 3.2, any person who is not a resident of that ward, may become a Ward Committee member provided that the person represents an interest group/sector stationed in the ward, or owns a business property in the ward.
- 3.4 No person may be a member of more than 1 (one) Ward Committee at the same time.
- 3.5 The composition of the Ward Committee must reflect the following factors:
 - 3.5.1 equitable representation of women
 - 3.5.2 geographic representation
 - 3.5.3 population diversity and interests
 - 3.5.4 where possible, disabled persons may serve on the Ward Committee
- 3.6 The Ward Committee members so elected must assume office upon election.
- 3.7 PR Councillors appointed to serve in the municipality must be *ex officio* and non-voting members of the Ward Committee of the ward they reside in, or any other Ward Committee assigned to them by the Speaker.
- 3.8 In the course of the term of office of the Ward Committee, any person deemed to be necessary for the success of the committee, or who could add value to the Ward Committee system, can be co-opted by the committee in consultation with the Ward Councillor to serve as *ex officio* in an advisory capacity on that Ward Committee without the rights to vote or the right to receive compensation.
- 3.9. Each ward must have not more than ten (10) members choosing from the following portfolio (but not limited to):
 - (a) Youth
 - (b) Women
 - (c) Religious
 - (d) Sports and culture
 - (e) Health and Welfare
 - (f) Business

- (g) Environment
- (h) Education
- (i) Elderly
- (j) Community Safety & Security
- (k) Ratepayers / Civic Association
- (l) Informal Traders Association
- (m) Agricultural
- (n) Informal Traders
- (o) People living with disabilities
- (p) Farmworkers
- (q) Employment
- (r) Tourism
- (s) Unions, and
- (t) Geographical areas

3.10. A Ward Councillor may delegate in writing the chairing of a meeting in his/her absence to a Proportional Representation (PR) Councillor or any member of the Ward Committee.

3.11. Each portfolio leader may nominate five (5) members more broadly from that particular ward to increase the performance and functionality of the portfolio.

4. **POLITICAL AFFILIATION IN WARD COMMITTEES**

4.1 Ward Committee members must not be elected to represent political parties, or for the unofficial benefit of any political party.

4.2 Canvassing for the election of Ward Committee members must not be motivated by political concerns.

5. **ROLES AND FUNCTIONS OF THE ELECTORAL COMMITTEE**

5.1 Establishment of an Electoral Committee

The Office of the Speaker, must in collaboration with the MEO, form the election body and appoint the Electoral Committee.

The Electoral Committee will conduct and oversee the election of members of the Ward Committee.

5.2 Appointment of presiding officers, election officers and counting officers

The Electoral Committee will appoint a presiding officer, one or more election officers and counting officers for each of the 10 wards to manage and administer the Ward Committee elections in their respective wards.

5.3 General provisions concerning the appointment of officers

A person may not be appointed as an officer in a Ward Committee election if that person:

- 5.3.1 is a Ward Committee member contesting the election;
- 5.3.2 holds political or executive office in a political party.

5.4 Exercise of control over officers

An officer exercises the powers and performs the duties conferred on or assigned to that officer subject to the directions, control and disciplinary authority of the Electoral Committee.

5.5 Remuneration and conditions of appointment of the officer

The Electoral Committee must determine in writing the terms and conditions of appointment of an officer, including remuneration payable to that officer.

5.6 Duties of presiding, election and counting officers

The presiding, election and counting officers:

- 5.6.1 Must manage, co-ordinate and supervise the voting process at the voting station concerned;
- 5.6.2 Must take all reasonable steps to ensure orderly conduct at the voting station;
- 5.6.3 May order a member of security services (SAPS) to assist in ensuring orderly conduct of the voting station;
- 5.6.4 May order any person within the boundary of the voting station whose conduct is not conducive to a free and fair election at that voting station, to leave the premises;
- 5.6.5 Must count and announce the votes received for each nominee from the ward community members present at the voting station;
- 5.6.6 Must secure the number of votes received by each nominee in writing on the relevant nomination form;
- 5.6.7 Must declare the voting process open and closed;
- 5.6.8 Must submit the election results and the report to the election committee for submission to the Office of the Speaker;
- 5.6.9 If a person refuses to comply with an order of a presiding, election or counting officers presiding, in Ward Committee election or counting; officers in charge may order members of security (SAPS) to forcefully remove the person or declare the voting process closed and submit a report to the election committee.

6. **NOMINATION AND ELECTION PROCESS**

6.1 Nominations

6.1.1 *Sectoral, geographical and individual representation*

The Office of the Speaker must invite all CBO's and NGO's in every ward to nominate individuals as their representatives on the Ward Committee. Only persons 18 years and older, and representing an interest group/sector stationed in the ward, or owning a business or property in the ward may be nominated.

6.1.2 *Notice of nominations to the Ward Committee's*

The Electoral Committee must give public notice of the time, venues and mode whereby nominations for Ward Committee members must be accepted. This notice must be published in at least 1 (one) newspaper of general circulation at least 30 (thirty) calendar days before each Ward Committee Election.

6.1.3 *Nominee's*

Only persons 18 years and older, and who represent an interest group/sector stationed in the ward, or own a business or property in the ward will have the right to nominate candidates for the Ward Committee of that ward.

6.1.4 *Nomination Forms*

Nomination forms must be available to the Ward Committees at the Office of the Speaker or any other municipal office. After completion of each nomination form, it must be handed to the Electoral Committee, who will designate offices for this purpose and formally acknowledge receipt of each nomination.

6.1.5 *Safekeeping of nominations*

The Electoral Committee must keep a register of the nominations received as well as keep the completed nomination forms in a safe place until the day of the Ward Committee election when they will be handed over to the presiding officer at the voting station.

6.2 Elections

6.2.1 *Elections*

The Electoral Committee must, in consultation with the Speaker and the Ward Councillor, give the ward community written notice of the date, time and venue of the election of Ward Committee members in each ward at least 30 (thirty) calendar days before the election. This notice must be published in at least 1 (one) newspaper of general circulation at least 30 (thirty) calendar days before each Ward Committee election.

6.2.2 *Postponement of elections*

If an election should be postponed for any reason, a written public notice of the time and venue of the postponed election must be published in at least 1 (one) newspaper of the general circulation at least 30 (thirty) calendar days before the new date of the Ward Committee election.

6.2.3 *Election procedures*

The election must be conducted following the Council approved policy in this regard.

6.2.4 *Voting Rights*

Only persons 18 years and older who are residents or owners of businesses and/or property in each ward have the right to vote.

6.2.5 *Representation*

The election procedure must ensure that at least 3 (three) of the 10 (ten) community members elected onto the Ward Committee are women. Should no women be elected, the first 7 (seven) elected male members will qualify to serve on the Ward Committee and the remaining 3 (three) positions must be reserved for women, to be appointed later by the Electoral Committee after consultation with the Ward Councillor.

6.3 Keeping of records

The Electoral Committee must keep the records of nominations and the ballot papers in a safe place for 1 (one) year after the election.

6.4 Term of Office

6.4.1. The term of office of the Ward Committee members are elected for a political term or coincidental with a political term.

6.4.2. Elected members may stand for election for a second term.

6.5 Chairpersonship

The Ward Councillor must be the Chairperson of the Ward Committee.

6.6 Role and function of a ward assistant

6.6.1 The Municipality must appoint a ward assistant to assist the Ward Councillor, in ensuring the smooth running of the Ward Committee and the community's affairs

6.6.2 The ward assistant will be responsible for the administration of the committee and ensure that the committee is functioning properly.

6.6.3 The ward assistant will oversee the minute taking of the committee, the record-keeping of the minutes and submit these minutes to the Office of the Speaker.

7. **VACATION OF OFFICE BY A WARD COMMITTEE MEMBER**

7.1 In the following events, the Ward Committee members must vacate his/her office:

If a member:

7.1.1 Is absent from 3 (three) consecutive meetings without an apology.

7.1.2 Is absent in an *ad hoc* fashion from 6 (six) consecutive meetings with an apology.

7.1.3 Is proven to be actively involved in campaigns for the removal of the Ward Councillor without having raised grievances against the Ward Councillor in the Ward Committee Meeting.

7.1.4 Acts in a manner that undermines the authority of the Ward Councillor, the Council and/or the Ward Committee.

7.1.5 Commits a crime that results in a conviction without the option of a fine.

7.1.6 Consistently exhibits violent, abusive and intimidating behaviour towards other committee members and/or the community.

- 7.1.7 Attends a meeting under the influence of alcohol and/or illegal drugs.
- 7.1.8 Is proven to have accepted a bribe from any party that has an interest in a development project for that particular ward.
- 7.1.9 Is proven to have used his/her membership of the Ward Committee to extract, or attempt to extract, favours of any kind.
- 7.1.10 Is elected as a Councillor in the municipality.
- 7.1.11 Is appointed as a staff member of the municipality.
- 7.1.12 Without good cause, acts against the decision(s) of the Ward Committee.
- 7.1.13 Is involved in party political canvassing or similar activity during Ward Committee meetings.
- 7.1.14 Resigns
- 7.1.15 Dies.
- 7.1.16 Is guilty of an infringement of this by-law.
- 7.1.17 If, after being found guilty of an infringement of this by-law, is ordered by the Speaker to vacate his/her office.
- 7.1.18 Is ordered to vacate the office by an order of the High Court of South Africa.
- 7.2 The Speaker will appoint a disciplinary committee to deal with matters of discipline.

8. **FILLING OF VACANCIES**

- 8.1 Vacancies of a Ward Committee will be filled as follows:
 - 8.1.1 When a vacancy occurs as a result of the departure of a sectoral representative, the affected sector must be requested to nominate their sectoral replacement. The sectoral nominee will then be part of the Ward Committee.
 - 8.1.2 When a vacancy occurs as a result of the departure of an unorganized sector representative, the Ward Councillor must nominate 2 (two) people from the affected group, which nomination will be put before the Ward Committee for a decision. The Ward Committee must, after deliberations, appoint 1 (one) person who will be part of the Ward Committee.

8.1.3 The Ward Committee must fill vacancies only if they do not exceed the majority of elected members. In the event of 50% (fifty percent) plus 1 (one) of elected members ceasing to be Ward Committee members, the Ward Councillor must notify the Speaker to arrange for the election of a new Ward Committee.

8.2 It is the responsibility of the Ward Committee, together with the Ward Councillor, to fill vacancies on the Ward Committee.

9. **POWERS, FUNCTIONS, DUTIES AND OBLIGATIONS OF WARD COMMITTEES**

9.1 A Ward Committee has the following powers, functions, duties and obligations:

9.1.1 giving inputs towards the preparation, implementation and review of the Integrated Development Plan (IDP);

9.1.2 participating in the establishment, implementation and review of the municipality's management system;

9.1.3 monitoring and reviewing the municipality's performance, including the outcomes and impact of such performance;

9.1.4 participating in the drafting of the municipality's budget;

9.1.5 giving inputs on strategic decisions relating to the provisions of municipal services;

9.1.6 supplying inputs in the form of recommendations to the municipality through the Ward Councillor;

9.1.7 making recommendations on matters affecting their ward through the Ward Councillor;

9.1.8 acting in an advisory capacity to the Ward Councillor;

9.1.9 acting as a consultative body for the municipality and its departments and provincial and national government, and canvassing community opinion on the matter;

9.1.10 exercising any power and authority delegated in writing by the Council to the Ward Committee;

9.1.11 acting as a consultative agent for NGO's and CBO's, without incurring any liability for the municipality, unless the consultation is part of a specific official municipal project;

9.1.12 co-opting members to the Ward Committee in the event of vacancies;

9.1.13 co-opting non-voting members with specialist skills to the Ward Committee.

9.1.14. receive queries and complaints from residents concerning municipal service delivery, communicate it to council and provide feedback to the community on the council's resource.

9.1.15. ensure constructive and harmonious interaction between the municipality and community through the use and co-ordination of ward resident's meetings and other community developments forum.

9.1.16. interact with other forums and organizations on matters affecting the ward.

9.1.17. A Ward Committee may assist the municipality by ensuring that community members participate in the satisfaction survey.

10. **WARD COMMITTEE MEETINGS**

10.1 The Ward Councillor must convene meetings of the Ward Committee at least once a month (except for December), and a list of the meeting dates must be supplied to the Office of the Speaker for inclusion in the official municipal calendar not later than 31 January of the following year following the election of Ward Committees. For administration purposes, meetings must be held before the 10th of each new month.

10.2 The Ward Councillor must decide on the place, dates and times of Ward Committee meetings in consultation with members of the Ward Committee and the Office of the Speaker.

10.3 Notice of the time and place of every meeting of the Ward Committee must be served on every member at least 7 (seven) days before the meeting.

10.4 The validity of a meeting is not affected if the notice of the meeting is accidentally not served on a member.

10.5 Every member attending a meeting must sign his or her name in the attendance register kept for this purpose.

10.6 Quorum

10.6.1 A quorum of the Ward Committee must be 50% plus 1 (one) member of the Ward Committee.

10.6.2 If a quorum is not formed within 10 minutes after the time appointed for a meeting, the meeting will not be held unless it is decided by the Chairperson that a further ten minutes should be allowed to enable a quorum to be formed.

10.6.3 If a quorum is still not present after the extended time contemplated in subsection 10.6.2, the Chairperson may rule to adjourn the meeting until another time or date.

10.6.4 Notice of an adjourned meeting must be given in accordance with clause 10.3 and 10.4 above.

10.7 Decision making of Ward Committees

10.7.1 A Ward Committee must strive to reach decisions through consensus;

10.7.2 If a matter remains unresolved after thorough discussion, the matter will be decided by a vote;

10.7.3 If the votes are equal, the Chairperson will have the deciding vote.

10.8 Appointment of Acting Chairperson

10.8.1 If the Ward Councillor is unable to attend a Ward Committee meeting, he/she must appoint a Ward Committee member to chair the meeting.

10.8.2 If the Ward Councillor is unable to appoint a substitute Chairperson, the Ward Committee must do so at the start of the meeting.

10.9 Ward Committee Meetings are open to the public in an observer capacity, on condition that an application is submitted to the Ward Councillor 7 days before.

10.10 Public/Constituency Meetings

10.10.1 Public meetings are mainly held in order; -

(a) to register the concerns and inputs of the community concerning service delivery, the general development of the community, disaster management, and any other municipal concern the community may have; and

(b) to report back to the public on issues that affect it.

10.10.2 Ward or public meetings must be chaired by the Ward Councillor. A Ward Councillor may delegate in writing the chairing of the meeting in his /her absence to a proportional representative (PR) Councillor or any member of the ward committee.

10.10.3 If the committee decides to hold a public meeting, it may publish a notice in a newspaper circulating in the area concerned, stating time, date and place of the meeting or each meeting and inviting the public to attend the meeting in a well-known place, which is easily accessible and large enough to accommodate everyone.

- 10.10.4 At a public meeting, a representative of the committee must explain the meeting procedure, such as the adoption of the agenda and time allowed for questions.
- 10.10.5 Explain issues the committee has to consider, including any options open to the committee.
- 10.10.6 Give feedback on previous issues, including reasons if there is a lack of Progress.
- 10.10.7 Public meetings are not political platforms and Ward Committee members and the public should refrain from making party political statements, campaigning and canvassing.

10.11. Work Programmes

- 10.11.1 The Ward Committee must submit a programme with specific outputs for one year to the office of the Speaker in July of each year,
- 10.11.2 Must perform the functions as set out to be achieve and indicated in the work programme as own initiatives, on request by the Ward Councillor, the Speaker or in accordance with priorities.

11. **DISSOLUTION OF WARD COMMITTEES**

- 11.1 The Council may dissolve a Ward Committee based on the recommendation of the Speaker (in consultation with the Ward Councillor). Instances that might lead to such a recommendation include, but are not limited to, the failure to fulfil its objectives as set out in legislation, non-adherence to this by-law, or resignation of more than 50% (fifty percent) of the members of a Ward Committee.

11.2 Procedure for dissolution of a Ward Committee

- 11.2.1 The Speaker must investigate the circumstances surrounding the actions of the Ward Committee and report his/her findings and recommendations to the Council.
- 11.2.2 After the Council has resolved to dissolve the Ward Committee, a notice of the dissolution of the Ward Committee will be given to the Ward Councillor and the Ward Committee, at which time the Ward Committee will cease to exist.
- 11.2.3 Notice of the reconstitution of the Ward Committee will be given in terms of section 6 of this by-law.

- 11.2.4 With the exception of the Ward Councillor, members of the Ward Committee that has been dissolved may be, with the concurrence of the Speaker, be eligible for re-election to the Ward Committee, except where it was established that Ward Committee Members failed to fulfill their objectives as set out in legislation and non-adherence to the relevant bylaw.

12. **SUB-COMMITTEES OF WARD COMMITTEES**

Each Ward Committee may form sub-committees to advise the Ward Committee on special issues, handle sectoral matters or form working groups to research any matter that needs special attention in the ward.

13. **ROLE OF COUNCIL OFFICIALS ON WARD COMMITTEES**

- 13.1 No municipal official may stand for election on the Ward Committee.
- 13.2 Should a municipal official wish to stand for election as a Ward Committee member, she/he must first resign her/his position as a municipal official.
- 13.3 Ward Committee's must invite municipal officials within their scope of work and other people with specialized knowledge to advise them on matters affecting their wards when deemed necessary.
- 13.4 When the need arises for municipal officials or their departments to consult with the ward communities, they must arrange these consultations with the Office of the Speaker at least (three) weeks in advance.

14. **ADMINISTRATIVE ARRANGEMENTS, FUNDING AND REIMBURSEMENT**

- 14.1 The municipality must make administrative arrangements to enable Ward Committees to perform their functions and exercise their powers effectively. In doing so the municipality must use its resources and allocate funds in its budget to the Office of the Speaker to further the objectives of Ward Committees.
- 14.2 All administrative back-up to enable effective functioning of the Ward Committees must be located in the Office of the Speaker.
- 14.3 The municipality must, through the Office of the Speaker, reimburse Ward Committee members for traveling and out-of-pocket costs incurred as a result of attendance of Ward Committee meetings. The reimbursement will be done following the approved policy of the municipality.
- 14.4 Membership and duties of the Ward Committee members must be regarded as voluntary service for the benefit of the community.

14.5 The ward assistant appointed by the Municipality should be able to provide general services to the residence of the ward and assist in the administration of the ward.

15. **BUDGET**

15.1. No remuneration is to be paid to Ward Committee members.

15.2. A municipality may annually budget for:

15.2.1. Out of pocket expenses of members of Ward Committee in respect of their participation in Ward Committee.

15.2.2. A municipal council must determine the criteria for, and calculation of, the out of pocket expenses.

15.2.3. The proposed out of pocket expenses that may be paid as a monthly allowance for each ward committee member excluding the Ward Councillor. (According to the criteria stipulated by council, refer to resolution 14/08/AME17 and 19/08/CORP2)

15.2.4. This amount may be adjusted to the extent that a particular municipality covers some of these costs itself upfront by arranging transport and refreshments for Ward Committees taking into account the following, as determined by a council resolution annually:

- Transport
- Telephone / mobile phone
- Refreshments/meals

15.2.5. Over and above own revenue sources (service charges, rates, etc.) municipalities must prioritize funding for community participation including effective support to Ward Committees from two (2) important sources:

(a) Local Government Equitable Share (LGES) – municipalities receive allocations from the local government equitable share on an annual basis. Therefore, municipalities should use a portion of this allocation for supporting Ward Committees, which is critical in speeding up and facilitating better service delivery.

(b) Municipal Systems Improvement Grant (MSIG) – the purpose is to assist in building in-house capacity to perform their functions and stabilize institutional and governance systems as required in the Municipal Systems Act. One of the key measurable outputs for this grant is the number of municipalities with strengthened administrative systems for effective implementation of the ward participatory system.

15.2.6. Capacity building and training programmes for committee members

15.2.7. The payment of the out-pocket expenses must be linked to the Ward Committee's functionality, taking into account the following functionality indicators:

- (i) The number of Ward Committee management meetings held and percentage of attendance by members.
- (ii) The number of community meetings organized by the Ward Committee and percentage attendance by the ward community.
- (iii) Submission and tabling of ward reports and plans to the Council covering needs and priorities for the ward, feedback on the performance of the Council's various lines/service functions and their impact on the ward.
- (iv) The number of door-to-door campaigns and/or interactions with substructures including street committees.
- (v) Number of complaints, queries, and requests registered from the community and attended to (*checklist of needs met against registered needs and turn-around-times*).
- (vi) Distributed publications (information brochures, flyers, newsletters, SMS, and others) over a period of time.
- (vii) Management and updating of ward profiles and database of indigent households.
- (viii) Participation in plans and programmes of municipalities and other spheres of government impacting on the ward development and monitoring thereof.

16. **DISPUTE RESOLUTION MECHANISMS FOR WARD COMMITTEES**

The following dispute-resolution mechanisms must be applied:

- 16.1 Every effort must be made to deal with disputes internally if they do not involve the Ward Councillor.
- 16.2 When a dispute arises, the Ward Councillor should appoint a person or persons to try and resolve the dispute through mediation.
- 16.3 If the attempt at mediation fails, the Ward Councillor must arbitrate.
- 16.4 If one of the parties is still aggrieved, the matter must be referred to the Speaker.

16.5 If the matter involves the Ward Councillor, it should be referred to the Office of the Speaker, where the Speaker will be the arbitrator.

16.6 The Speaker must appoint a disciplinary committee and an appeal committee to deal with matters of discipline.

17. **VACATION OF OFFICE BY THE WARD COUNCILLOR**

17.1 When the Ward Councillor is no longer in office, the Ward Committee will continue to function for the rest of its term as determined by the Council.

17.2 A temporary Chairperson must be appointed by the Speaker of Council until a By-Election is held.

17.3 The new Councillor must re-appoint an assistant for the ward.

18. **ROLE OF PROPORTIONAL REPRESENTATIVE COUNCILLORS IN WARD COMMITTEES**

18.1 The Speaker must deploy a PR Councillor to a specific Ward.

18.2 Ward Councillors may allow PR Councillors allocated to their Ward Committees the right to freely participate in the activities of the Ward Committee.

19. **DECLARATION OF INTERESTS BY WARD COMMITTEE MEMBERS**

19.1 A member must declare his/her interest to the Ward Committee in those matters that are before the Ward Committee.

19.2 The Ward Councillor is responsible for the maintenance of the register of declared interests of members of the Ward Committee.

20. **CODE OF CONDUCT FOR WARD COMMITTEE MEMBERS**

Ward Committee members are elected to represent the communities in their respective wards, to ensure that wards have mechanisms of accountability to local communities, and to meet the priority needs of the community on ward matters, including the performance of the municipality in terms of established indicators. To ensure that Ward Committee members fulfill their obligations to their communities, the following Code of Conduct is established:

20.1 **Definition**

In this schedule “**partner**” means a person who permanently lives with another person in a manner as if married.

20.2 **General conduct of members**

A member must:

- (a) perform the functions of the office in good faith, honestly and in a transparent manner; and
- (b) at all times act in the best interest of the Ward Committee and in such a way that the credibility and integrity of the Ward Committee is not compromised.

20.3 **Attendance of meetings**

A member must attend each meeting of the ward except when –

- (a) an apology is rendered before or at the meeting;
- (b) leave of absence is granted by the Chairperson of the ward committee;
- (c) a member is required in terms of this Code to withdraw from the meeting.

20.4 **Disclosure of interests**

A member must:

- (a) disclose to the Ward Committee, or to any sub-committee of which that member is a member, any direct or indirect personal or private business interest that the member, or any spouse, partner or business associate of that member may have in any matter before the Ward Committee; and
- (b) withdraw from the proceedings of the Ward Committee when the matter is considered by the Ward Committee.

20.5 **Personal gain**

- (1) a member may not use the position or privileges of a ward member, or confidential information as a member, for private gain or to improperly benefit another person.
- (2) Except with the prior consent of the Office of the Speaker, a member may not:
 - (a) be a party to or beneficiary under a contract for:
 - (i) the provision of goods and services to the ward; or
 - (ii) the performance of any work done in the ward.

- (b) obtain a financial interest in any business of the Ward Committee.
- (3) If more than one-quarter of the members object to consent being given to a member in terms of subitem (2), such consent may only be given to the member with the written approval of the Speaker of the Council.

20.6 **Rewards, Gifts and Favours**

- 1. A member may not request, solicit, or accept any reward, gift, or favour in return for:
 - (a) voting or not voting in a particular manner on any matter before the Ward Committee;
 - (b) persuading the Ward Committee concerning the exercise of any power, function or duty; and
 - (c) disclosing privileged or confidential information.

20.7 **Unauthorized Disclosure of Information**

- (1) A member may not without the permission of the Ward Councillor or a Committee of the Council disclose any privileged or confidential information of the ward or Ward Committee to any unauthorized person.
- (2) For the purpose of this item, "privileged or confidential information" includes any information:
 - (a) declared by the Council or Ward Committee to be privileged or confidential;
 - (b) that would violate a person's right to privacy; or
 - (c) declared to be privileged, confidential, or secret in terms of the law.
- (3) This item does not derogate from any person's right of access to information in terms of national legislation.

20.8 **Municipal Property**

A member may not use, take, require, or benefit from any property or assets owned, controlled, or managed by the municipality to which he has no right.

20.9 Duty of Chairpersons of Ward Committees

- (1) If the Chairperson of a Ward Committee, on reasonable suspicion, is of the opinion that a provision of this Code has been breached, the Chairperson must:
 - (a) authorize an investigation of the facts and circumstances of the alleged breach;
 - (b) give the member a reasonable opportunity to reply in writing regarding the alleged breach; and
 - (c) report the matter to a meeting of the Ward Committee after the provisions of paragraphs (a) and (b) have been complied with.
- (2) A report in terms of subitem (1) (c) is open to the public.
- (3) The Chairperson must ensure that each member, when taking office, is given a copy of this Code and that a copy is available in every room or place where the Ward Committee meets.

20.10 Breaches of Code

- (1) The Speaker may:
 - (a) investigate and make a finding on any alleged breach of a provision of this Code;
 - (b) establish a special committee or appoint a person:
 - (i) to investigate and make a finding on any alleged breach of this Code and to make appropriate recommendations to the Speaker.
 - (ii) to make appropriate recommendations to the Speaker.
- (2) If the special committee finds that a member has breached a provision of this Code, the special committee may:
 - (a) issue a formal warning to the member;
 - (b) reprimand the member;
 - (c) request the Speaker to suspend the member for a period; or
 - (d) request the Speaker to remove the member from the Ward Committee.

- (3) If the Speaker is of the opinion that the member has breached a provision of this Code and that such contravention warrants a suspension or removal from office, the Speaker may:
- (a) suspend the member for a period and on conditions determined by the Speaker; or
 - (b) remove the member from office.
- (4) Any member who has been warned or reprimanded in terms of paragraph (2) may, within 14 days of having been notified of the decision of the Speaker, appeal to the Speaker in writing, setting out the reasons on which the appeal is based. The Speaker will then convene an appeal committee to finalize the matter.
- (a) a copy of the appeal must be provided to the Speaker.
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Approved on **28 August 2020**

Council Resolution: **20/08/CORP1**



C DU PLESSIS
MUNICIPAL MANAGER

28 August 2020

DATE